BEHAVIOUR AND LEARNING POLICY

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Our aim is to provide a stimulating learning environment in which each individual student is able to make positive progress towards fulfilling their potential. To create the best possible conditions for excellent teaching and learning, students must exhibit positive behaviour in the classroom and throughout the wider School environment.

1.2 We expect all students to:

- attend school every day and always be on time
- adhere to the School's dress code
- work hard in all lessons and aim to achieve their target grade
- have the correct resources and equipment
- get involved with everything the school has to offer
- treat all members of our community with kindness and respect
- treat the school environment with respect
- aim high and never settle for second best
- do not engage in risk taking behaviour
- report any concerns or problems to a member of staff
- seize opportunities to learn outside of the classroom and take on additional responsibility.

- 1.3 It is the responsibility of all staff to act as role models in creating a calm and purposeful learning environment. Teachers are responsible for ensuring that the highest standards of behaviour are upheld.
- Teaching staff should have respect for all students and, where disciplinary sanctions are required, they will be executed consistently, fairly and with the overall objective to help individual students to develop positively. Staff will be supported in their appropriate actions by senior staff and the Head of School.
- 1.5 In maintaining a stimulating learning environment, students can expect us to:
 - offer a curriculum that caters for the needs of the individual:
 - recognise that students are individuals and our approach should be tailored accordingly;
 - deliver stimulating and interesting lessons, through careful planning;
 - provide friendly, positive, but firm relationships;
 - reward good levels of achievement and effort;
 - be consistent in the application of sanctions.

REWARDS AND SANCTIONS 2.

- Our students are respected as young adults and are praised for their positive behaviour, achievement and for making progress across different aspects of their learning. Our ethos is one built on trust; students have access to the School from early morning and into the evening, they can access facilities and use equipment as members of the School community.
- 2.2 However, students whose behaviour is unacceptable or who break our behaviour code, thus disrupting their progress and the progress of other students, should expect sanctions to be applied in line with this policy. Staff may apply any of the sanctions outlined in this policy, saving exclusion, provided they are acting reasonably and proportionately when doing so.

3 RECOGNISING ACHIEVEMENT AND PROGRESS

- 3.1 Achievement and progress is rewarded by a variety of approaches:
 - verbal praise;
 - the use of positive comments on prep or classwork;
 - the use of assemblies to present certificates;
 - the awarding of postcards and prizes;
 - public recognition of achievement in our media outlets including local newspapers and social media:
 - contact home by phone or letter;
 - school badges and responsibilities (e.g. Senate, Prefects);
 - recognition from the Head of School.
- 3.2 Students at Harington whose behaviour and interaction with others proves to be exceptional over time will be considered for positions of responsibility.

APPLICATION OF SANCTIONS 4

4.1 Staff may apply sanctions in response to student behaviour in and outside of School, in the following circumstances:

When the student is:

- taking part in any School-organised or related activity;
- travelling to or from the School;
- in some other way identifiable as a student at the School.

or behaviour at any time, whether or not the conditions above apply, that:

- could have repercussions for the orderly running of the School;
- poses a threat to another student, member of staff or member of the public;
- could adversely affect the reputation of the School.
- 4.2 We understand the fundamental importance of a member of staff having ownership over their classroom or their school, and the behaviours which take place therein. In the first instance, behaviour is to be addressed by the class teacher or the member of staff encountering it, and the staff concerned have a responsibility to do this. Inappropriate behaviour should always be challenged. The School will maintain a zero-tolerance approach to low level disruption which allows teachers to teach and learners to learn.
- 4.3 When applying sanctions, staff must remain calm and ensure that any sanction is proportionate to the behaviour of the student. Staff should not issue whole-group or class sanctions: our sanctions are appropriate for individual students, not groups. When applying sanctions, it is important for staff to recognise that they are communicating with sixth form students and the aim of the sanction is to improve the student's approach to their learning and that of their peers.
- 4.4 The following sanctions for inappropriate behaviour may be used by staff:
 - a verbal reprimand based on a conversation which focuses on the effect of a student's behaviour on their learning and/or the learning of others;
 - a short cooling-off period outside the classroom (no more than a couple of minutes per lesson) which should be followed by conversation;
 - the confiscation of a student's personal item which is preventing their or others' learning e.g. mobile phones and music players or any other such item. These should normally be returned at the end of the day;
 - a short (no notice) 20 minute catch-up in which the focus is on students' self-reflection about their behaviour and the consequences on their learning and the learning of others (this can happen during study periods, break or lunch time);
 - direct contact with parents/guardians raising concerns;
 - restorative justice, for example asking the student to apologise for their actions, requiring that they support staff to rectify/pay for any damage they have caused;
 - after School catch-up it is usual practice that parents/guardians are given 24 hours' notice;
 - a student may be placed on a report;
 - a student may be placed in internal isolation which places a student under constant supervision during School hours including study periods;
 - school suspensions (covered under the Federation Student Exclusion Policy);
 - permanent exclusion (covered under the Federation Student Exclusion Policy).
- 4.5 We will provide additional support to enable a student to improve their behaviour before the scale sanctions are exhausted.

5 REPORTING BEHAVIOUR

5.1 Where parents have been invited for a meeting with an individual member of staff the normal expectation is that there is written confirmation of agreed actions, recorded on the appropriate school system (CPOMS).

6 DRUG AND OFFENSIVE WEAPON RELATED INCIDENTS

6.1 We will not tolerate the presence of misuse of drugs on our property and will act promptly and appropriately on such occasions. Students will be provided with information about the use and misuse of drugs through a PSHE programme devised by the Pastoral Lead and delivered by teachers.

6.2 Further information on searching, screening and confiscation can be found in the Searching Student and Confiscation Policy.

7 PHYSICAL CONTACT BETWEEN STAFF AND STUDENTS

- 7.1 There are occasions when it is entirely appropriate and proper for staff to have physical contact with students or children, but it is crucial that they only do so in ways appropriate to their professional role. When physical contact is made with students or children this should be in response to their needs at the time, of limited duration and appropriate given their age, stage of development, gender, ethnicity and background. It is not possible to be specific about the appropriateness of each physical contact, since an action that is appropriate with one student in one set of circumstances may be inappropriate in another, or with a different student or child.
- 7.2 The circumstances in which staff can physically intervene with a student or child are covered by the 1996 Education Act. Staff may legitimately intervene to prevent students from committing a criminal offence, injuring themselves or others, causing damage to property, engaging in behaviour prejudicial to good order and to maintain good order and discipline. Staff should have regard to the health and safety of themselves and others. Under no circumstances should physical force be used as a form of punishment. The use of unwarranted physical force is likely to constitute a criminal offence.

8 BULLYING

- 8.1 There is no legal definition of bullying. However, at Harington School, it is defined as behaviour that is repeated, and; intended to hurt someone either physically or emotionally and/or; aimed at certain groups or individual because of race, religion, gender or sexual orientation.
- 8.2 It takes many forms and can include:
 - Emotional (being unfriendly, excluding, tormenting)
 - Physical (hitting, kicking, pushing, taking other's belongings, any use of violence)
 - Racial (racial taunts, graffiti, gestures)
 - Sexual (explicit sexual remarks, display of sexual material, sexual gestures, unwanted
 physical attention, comments about sexual reputation or performance, or inappropriate
 touching). Behaviours of this nature would constitute sexual harassment / sexual
 violence and will be handled in line with our Child Protection policy.
 - Direct or indirect verbal (name calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing)
 - Cyber bullying (bullying that takes place online such as through social networking sites, messaging apps or gaming sites, forwarding and/or posting inappropriate pictures/videos, setting up fake pages/accounts, hacking and resetting others' usernames and passwords inappropriately).

Staff and students will be informed that a number of these behaviour may constitute child on child abuse and will be handled in line with our Child Protection policy. Unpleasantness between students should never be excused as 'banter'.

9 PREVENTING BULLYING

- 9.1 We will act whenever this happens whether face-to-face or in other forms such as via mobile phones or online (e.g. email, social networks, blogs and other electronic forms of communication).
- 9.2 We aim to create an ethos which discourages bullying and helps all students feel secure and confident. Through tutorial sessions and assemblies, we examine the subject of mutual respect, self-worth, confidence and bullying. We encourage students to feel confident about

asking their form tutor in the first instance for help when they feel ill, unhappy, lost, or are struggling with work or friendships. It is recognised that students may wish to approach other members of staff if they feel more comfortable speaking to someone else. We emphasise the importance of attitudes and relationships, look at how we make decisions, how we react in different situations, friendship qualities and responses which help or hinder relationships.

- 9.3 All students can expect to:
 - be treated with respect and equality by all members of the School community;
 - be given every opportunity to achieve success;
 - have their progress and achievements positively recognised.

10 HOW WE MANAGE BULLYING

- 10.1 When bullying is reported it is always taken seriously and dealt with sympathetically. Staff are aware that students might be reluctant to report incidents. Prompt reporting is essential to ensure that emerging bullying issues are identified and addressed.
- 10.2 All reported incidents of bullying are taken seriously because an accumulation of minor incidents, especially if they are perpetrated bymore than one person, can have a serious effect on the victim.
- 10.3 A student who is concerned about being bullied or has witnessed such behaviour should report it to a member of staff.
- 10.4 If bullying is found to be occurring, we will plan how best to ensure that the behaviour stops and the victim/s feels safe. Depending on the individual circumstances, this can include:
 - restorative justice;
 - isolation of the perpetrator;
 - restricted breaks and lunchtime;
 - closer supervision, for example being placed on report;
 - mentoring support;
 - referral to Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS);
 - suspension and, in the most serious cases when bullying has been persistent, the Head
 of School will seriously consider permanent exclusion (see the Federation's Exclusion
 Policy).
 - contacting the Police.
- 10.5 The intention of these responses is to ensure that the bully knows that his/her behaviour is wrong. In deciding how to respond we also consider the motivations behind bullying behaviour and whether it reveals any concerns for the safety of the perpetrator. Where this is the case the students engaging in bullying may need support themselves. In addition, although bullying in itself is not a specific criminal offence in the UK, some types of harassing or threatening behaviour or communications could be a criminal offence; for example, under the Protection from Harassment Act 1997, the Malicious Communications Act 1988, the Communications Act 2003, and the Public Order Act 1986.

If the Head of School believes that an offence may have been committed then advice from the police will be sought. For example, under the Malicious Communications Act 1988, it is an offence for a person to send an electronic communication to another person with the intent to cause distress or anxiety or to send an electronic communication which conveys a message which is indecent or grossly offensive; a threat, or information which is false and known or believed to be false by the sender.



Triggers

Support

Communication and Review

STAGE ZERO: Earned Autonomy

No behavior incidents on behavioral management system. Effort grades of 2 or above on report.

Teacher-student work together to achieve aspirational target. Students allowed out at lunch; work experience in private study.

Normal Assessment Point Report + Parents' Evening

STAGE ONE: CLASS TEACHER

One subject with an effort grade in class of 3 or 4.

Reprimand by subject teacher to consider: moving of student, catch-up, individual subject report, conversation and contact home. Numerous strategies should be utilised before escalating to Stage 2.

Parents aware through report.
Discuss at Parents' Evening
Teacher records sanctions and actions on behavioural management system
No formal letter, however reoccurrence of issue requires email or phone call home. De-escalation: all effort grades at 2 or above. No new behavioural incidents on report.

STAGE TWO: FORM TUTOR

No improvement on Stage 1 concerns.

Two or more subject with an effort grade in class of 3 or 4.

Intervention by subject teacher continues.

Form tutor to meet with parent. Intervention by form tutor to include: tutor report, timetable adjustments, loss of autonomy e.g. private study time in tutor base.

Follow up Letter with concerns, actions and Stage 3 trigger made clear.

De-escalation: Only one subject with effort grade of 3 or 4. No serious behavioural concerns.

STAGE THREE: SENIOR STAFF

No improvement on Stage 2 concerns.

Serious one-off incident.

Intervention by subject teacher continues. Senior staff to meet with parent. Intervention by senior staff to include: report, timetable adjustments, further loss of autonomy and internal isolation.

Meeting with parent.

Formal letter to include concerns about behaviour, actions already taken, impact on their progress and the progress of others. Stage 4 triggers made clear.

De-escalation: Tangible improvements (e.g. improvement in effort grades at AP, complying with report)

STAGE FOUR: HEAD OF SCHOOL

No improvement on Stage 3 concerns.

Head of School to review existing support.

Additional support requested if necessary.

Head of School considers additional sanctions e.g. fixed-term EXCLUSION (see Exclusion policy)

Formal letter from Head of School:
-Start A2 course with agreed conditions
-Clear guidance on what will happen should issues not be resolved including permanent exclusion.

De escalation Tangible improvements (e.g. improvement in effort grades at AP, complying with report).

STAGE FIVE: GOVERNOR REVIEW

Student/Parent wish to review guidance provided by Head of School.

Panel of three governors review support provided and A2 progression route Formal letter confirming outcome of the review. **Deescalation:** Decision made to continue studies